IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 1/10

Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Product code: 107682

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Odorant disinfectant detergent.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: IPC SA.

Address: 10 Quai Cdt Malbert.29218.BREST cedex 2.FRANCE.

Telephone: +33 2 98 43 45 44. Fax:.

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +32 70 245 245.

Association/Organisation: Antigifcentrum.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

2.2. Label elements

Biocidal detergent mixture (see section 15).

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS07

GHS09

GHS02

Signal Word:

WARNING

Additional labeling:

EUH208 Contains LINALOOL. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208 Contains D-LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208 Contains EUCALYPTOL. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 2/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

Precautionary statements - Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or

shower].

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

x % < 25
x % < 10
x % < 10
% < 2.5
% < 2.5
% < 2.5

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 3/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

CAS: 5989-27-5	GHS08, GHS02, GHS07, GHS09	$0 \le x \% < 2.5$
EC: 227-813-5	Dgr	
REACH: 01-2119529223-47	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
D-LIMONENE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
	M Acute = 1	
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	M Chronic = 1	
CAS: 470-82-6	GHS02, GHS07	0 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 207-431-5	Wng	
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
EUCALYPTOL	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	

Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Revision : N°2 (08/02/2018)

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 4/10

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 5/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Store at a temperature between 5°C and 35°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
67-63-0	400 ppm 999 mg/m3	500 ppm 1250 mg/m3			
57-55-6	150 ppm 474 mg/m3				

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 6/10

Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information:

Boiling point/boiling range:

Vapour pressure (50°C):

Physical state : Fluid liquid.
Color Yellow
Odour : Fragrant

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH: 7.00 .

Neutral.

Not relevant.

26.00 °C.

Not relevant.

Density: <1
Water solubility: Dilutable.

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Viscosity: & v < 7 mm2/s (40 {\rm ^{\circ}C}) \\ Melting point/melting range: & Not relevant. \\ Self-ignition temperature: & Not relevant. \\ Decomposition point/decomposition range: & Not relevant. \\ \end{tabular}$

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Flash Point:

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- frost

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 7/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

EUCALYPTOL (CAS: 470-82-6)

Oral route: LD50 = 2480 mg/kg

LINALOOL (CAS: 78-70-6)

Oral route : LD50 = 2790 mg/kg

DIMYRCETOL (2,6-DIMETHYL-7-OCTEN-2-OL) (CAS: 18479-58-8) Oral route : LD50 = 3600 mg/kg

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)

Oral route : LD50 = 329 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 1000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)

Corrosivity: Causes severe skin burns.

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Effect observed: Overall irritation score

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)

Buehler Test: Non-sensitiser.

Species : Guinea pig Other guideline

Germ cell mutagenicity:

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative.

Species : Bacteria

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Ames test (in vitro): Negative.

11.1.2. Mixture

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 8/10

Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

$Monograph(s) \ from \ the \ IARC \ (International \ Agency \ for \ Research \ on \ Cancer):$

CAS 91-64-5: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 5989-27-5: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 67-63-0: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)

Fish toxicity : LC50 = 0.5 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Brachydanio rerio Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 0.03 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 0.021 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.06 mg/l

Species: Selenastrum capricornutum

Duration of exposure: 96 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

 $Surfactants\ in\ this\ preparation\ comply\ with\ the\ standards\ of\ biodegradability\ as\ defined\ in\ Regulation\ (EC)\ No\ 648/2004\ on\ detergents.$

The data proving this statement shall be made available to the competent authorities of the Member States and shall be supplied to them at their express request or at the request of the detergent manufacturer.

12.2.1. Substances

DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5)
Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 9/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

14.1. UN number

1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1993=FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(propan-2-ol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material:



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	III	3	30	5 L	274 601	E1	3	D/E

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E,S-E	223 274 955	E1

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	3	-	III	355	60 L	366	220 L	A3	E1
	3	-	III	Y344	10 L	-	-	A3	E1

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006):

- less than 5 % : cationic surfactants

- less than 5 %: nonionic surfactants

- disinfectants

Version: N°1 (08/02/2018)

IPC SA

DESOFOR BACTERICIDE TONIC

Date: 08/02/2018 Page 10/10 Revision: N°2 (08/02/2018)

- perfumes

- allergenic fragrances:

treemoss (e. furfurac)

citronellol

geraniol

d-limonene

linalool

coumarin

 $- \ Labelling \ for \ biocidal \ products \ (Regulation \ 1896/2000, 1687/2002, 2032/2003, 1048/2005, 1849/2006, 1451/2007 \ and \ Directive \ 98/8/EC)$

Name	CAS	%	Product-type
PROPAN-2-OL	67-63-0	146.00 g/kg	02
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM	7173-51-5	27.50 g/kg	02
CHLORIDE			

Product-type 2: Disinfectants and algaecides not intended for direct application to humans or animals.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.