# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

# SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

# 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : ANTI LICHEN Product code : 304104-304114.

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Antialgae, antilichens Professional use.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : IPC. Address : 10 Quai Malbert.29200.BREST.FRANCE.

Telephone : +33 (0)2 98 43 45 44. Fax : .

ipc@groupe-ipc.com

# **1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.** Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

# SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

4

Biocidal detergent mixture (see section 15).

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :

1	
$\mathbf{V}$	
GHS07	
Signal Word :	
WARNING	
Hazard statements :	
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :	
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulations
Other information :	

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

# SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

Composition	•
Composition	÷

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 603-096-00-8	GHS07	[1]	$2.5 \le x \% < 5$
CAS: 112-34-5	Wng		2.3 - x 70 - 3
EC: 203-961-6	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
REACH: 01-2119475104-44			
2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL			
INDEX: 603 002 00 5	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	$2.5 \le x \% < 5$
CAS: 64-17-5	Dgr		
EC: 200-578-6	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119457610-43	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
ETHANOL			
INDEX: 612 131 00 6	GHS07, GHS05, GHS09		$1 \le x \% \le 2.5$
CAS: 7173-51-5	Dgr		I A 70 - 2.5
EC: 230-525-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
LC. 250-525-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312		
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
CHLORIDE	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
CHLORIDE			
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
DIDEN. (02.115.00.0	MAcute = 10	F13	1
INDEX: 603-117-00-0	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 67-63-0	Dgr		
EC: 200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
REACH: 01-2119457558-25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
PROPAN-2-OL			
INDEX: 603_030_00_8	GHS07, GHS05	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
CAS: 141-43-5	Dgr		
EC: 205-483-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
REACH: 01-2119486455-28	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
2-AMINOETHANOL	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
INDEX: 606-002-00-3	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 0.1$
CAS: 78-93-3	Dgr		
EC: 201-159-0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
20.201 107 0	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
BUTANONE	STOT SE 3, H336		
DUIANUNE	EUH:066		
INDEX: 77 92 9	GHS07		$0 \le x \% \le 0.1$
CAS: 77-92-9		[1]	$0 \le x 70 \le 0.1$
	Wng		
EC: 201-069-1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
REACH: 01-2119457026-42			
CITRIC ACID			

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09	[1]	$0 \le x \% < 0.1$
Dgr		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
Skin Sens. 1B, H317		
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
M Acute = $1$		
-	Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Specific concentration limits:		
Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
INDEX: 603_002_00_5		inhalation: ATE = $51 \text{ mg/l } 4\text{h}$
CAS: 64-17-5		
EC: 200-578-6		oral: ATE = $10470 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
REACH: 01-2119457610-43		
ETHANOL		
INDEX: 612_131_00_6		oral: ATE = $658 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
CAS: 7173-51-5		
EC: 230-525-2		
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM		
CHLORIDE		
INDEX: 603_030_00_8	STOT SE 3: H335 C>= 5%	oral: ATE = 1089 mg/kg BW
CAS: 141-43-5		
EC: 205-483-3		
REACH: 01-2119486455-28		
2-AMINOETHANOL		
INDEX: 77_92_9		oral: $ATE = 5400 \text{ mg/kg BW}$
CAS: 77-92-9		
EC: 201-069-1		
REACH: 01-2119457026-42		
CITRIC ACID		

#### Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

#### 4.1. description of first and measures

# In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

# In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

#### In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

- In the event of a fire, use :
- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

# **SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

# For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If the ground is contaminated, once the product has been recovered by sponging with an inert and non-combustible absorbent material, wash the contaminated area in plenty of water.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

# **Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of reach of children.

#### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

### Packaging

141-43-5

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

- European Union (.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·			/
CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :		Notes :
112-34-5	67.5	10	101.2	15	-
141-43-5	2.5	1	7.6	3	Peau
78-93-3	600	200	900	300	-
ACGIH TLV (Am	erican Conferen	ce of Governme	ental Industrial	Hygienists, Thr	eshold Limit Va
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
64-17-5		1000 ppm	-	A3	
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm		A4; BEI	
141-43-5	3 ppm	6 ppm			
78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm		BEI	
- Germany - AGW (	BAuA - TRGS	900, 08/08/2019	9):		·
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes	
112-34-5		10 ppm		1.5 (I)	
		$67 \text{ mg/m}^3$			
64-17-5		200 ppm		4(II)	
		380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
67-63-0		200 ppm		2(II)	
		500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
141-43-5		0.2 ppm		1(I)	
		$0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$			
78-93-3		200 ppm		1(I)	
		600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
77-92-9		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		2 (I)	1
5989-27-5		5 ppm		4(II)	
		$28 \text{ mg/m}^3$			
Belgium (Arrêté d	u 19/11/2020) :				_
CAS	TWA:	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
112-34-5	10 ppm	15 ppm			
	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
64-17-5	1000 ppm	~~~~			
	1907 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm			
	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
	1	L	1	1_	1

3 ppm

7.6 mg/m3

1 ppm 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> D

78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm				
	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
- France (INRS	- ED984 / 2020-15					
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3	: VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes :	TMP No
112-34-5	10	67.5	15	101.2	-	-
64-17-5	1000	1900	5000	9500	-	84
67-63-0	-	-	400	980	-	84
141-43-5	1	2.5	3	7.6	-	49. 49 Bi
78-93-3	200	600	300	900	*	84
- Switzerland (S	SUVAPRO 2019) :					•
CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations	]	
112-34-5	10 ppm	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			-	
	$67 \text{ mg/m}^3$	101 fc/m <sup>3</sup>				
64-17-5	500 ppm	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			-	
	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1920 fc/m <sup>3</sup>				
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	$500 \text{ mg/m}^3$	1000 fc/m <sup>3</sup>				
141-43-5	2 ppm	$4 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$10 \text{ fc/m}^3$				
78-93-3	200 ppm	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			-	
	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	590 fc/m <sup>3</sup>				
77-92-9	2 ppm	$4 \text{ mg/m}^3$				
5989-27-5	7 ppm	14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	$40 \text{ mg/m}^3$	80 fc/m <sup>3</sup>				
- UK / WEL (W	orkplace exposure	limits, EH40/20	05, Fourth Editi	on 2020) :	-	
CAS	TWA:	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
112-34-5	10 ppm	15 ppm				
	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
64-17-5	1000 ppm					
	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>					
67-63-0	400 ppm	500 ppm				
	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
141-43-5	1 ppm	3 ppm		Sk		
	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm		Sk. BMGV		
	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	899 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

### Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5)

Final use:

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

### Final use:

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects:

#### Workers.

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 1 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term local effects. 3.3 mg of substance/m3

### Consumers.

Ingestion. Long term systemic effects. 3.75 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 0.24 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term local effects.

#### DNEL :

# PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5) Final use: Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

**Final use:** Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL :

Exposure method: Potential health effects: DNEL : 2 mg of substance/m3

Workers. Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 888 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 500 mg of substance/m3

**Consumers.** Ingestion. Long term systemic effects. 26 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 319 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 89 mg of substance/m3

Workers. Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 343 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Short term local effects. 1900 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 950 mg of substance/m3

**Consumers.** Ingestion. Short term systemic effects. 87 mg/kg body weight/day

Dermal contact. Long term systemic effects. 206 mg/kg body weight/day

Inhalation. Short term local effects. 950 mg of substance/m3

Inhalation. Long term systemic effects. 114 mg of substance/m3

# Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

CITRIC ACID (CAS: 77-92-9) Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5) Environmental compartment: PNEC :

PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0) Environmental compartment: PNEC :

ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5) Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Environmental compartment: PNEC :

Soil. 33.1 mg/kg

Fresh water sediment. 34.6 mg/kg

Marine sediment. 3.46 mg/kg

Soil. 0.035 mg/kg

Fresh water. 0.085 mg/l

Sea water. 0.0085 mg/l

Intermittent waste water. 0.025 mg/l

Fresh water sediment. 0.425 mg/kg

Marine sediment. 0.0425 mg/kg

Waste water treatment plant. 100 mg/l

Soil. 28 mg/kg

Fresh water. 140.9 mg/l

Sea water. 140.9 mg/l

Intermittent waste water. 140.9 mg/l

Waste water treatment plant. 2251 mg/l

Soil. 0.63 mg/kg

Fresh water. 0.96 mg/l

Sea water. 0.79 mg/l

Intermittent waste water. 2.75 mg/l
Fresh water sediment. 3.6 mg/kg
Marine sediment. 2.9 mg/kg
Waste water treatment plant. 580 mg/l

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

### - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Suitable type of protective boots :

In the event of minor spatter, wear protective boots or half-boots against chemical risks in accordance with standard EN13832-2.

In the event of prolonged contact, wear boots or half-boots with liquid-chemical-resistant and waterproof soles and uppers in accordance with standard EN13832-3.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state :

Fluid liquid.

Colour

Yellow

Odour	
Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Pine	
Melting point	
Melting point/melting range :	Not specified.
Freezing point	
Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point/boiling range :	Not specified.
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Flash point	
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Auto-ignition temperature	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not specified.
Decomposition temperature	
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.
рН	
pH:	11.10 .
-	Slightly basic.
pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
Kinematic viscosity	
Viscosity :	Not stated.
Solubility	
Water solubility :	Soluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
Vapour pressure	
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density and/or relative density	
Density :	0.996 +/- 0.05
Relative vapour density	
Vapour density :	Not stated.
9.2. Other information	
No data available.	
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
No data available.	
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics	
No data available.	
110 data availabite.	
ECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

- Avoid :
- frost
- heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

- Keep away from :
- acids

### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

# SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

# 11.1.1. Substances

### Acute toxicity :

are tokicity .	
CITRIC ACID (CAS: 77-92-9) Oral route :	LD50 = 5400 mg/kg Species : Mouse OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Species : Rat
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5) Oral route :	LD50 = 1089 mg/kg Species : Rat OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORID Oral route :	E (CAS: 7173-51-5) LD50 = 658 mg/kg Species : Rat
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Species : Rat
ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)	
Oral route :	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg Species : Rat OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Dermal route :	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Species : Rabbit OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Inhalation route (n/a) :	LC50 = 51 mg/l Species : Rat Duration of exposure : 4 h

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

### Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 5989-27-5 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

CAS 67-63-0 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. CAS 64-17-5 : IARC Group 1 : The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIC 2.1. Toxicity	
2.1.1. Substances	
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5) Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 349 mg/l Species : Cyprinus carpio Duration of exposure : 96 h
	NOEC = 1.2 mg/l Species : Oryzias latipes
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 65 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
	NOEC = 0.85 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 2.5 mg/l Species : Scenedesmus capricornutum Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5) Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 13000 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 5012 mg/l Species : Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration of exposure : 48 h
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CH Fish toxicity :	LORIDE (CAS: 7173-51-5) LC50 = 0.97  mg/l Factor M = 1 Species : Brachydanio rerio Duration of exposure : 96 h
Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 0.06 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h
Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 0.12 mg/l Species : Scenedesmus capricornutum Duration of exposure : 72 h

# 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The surfactants contained in this preparation comply with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of Member States and will be provided with their request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.2.1. Substances	
CITRIC ACID (CAS: 77-92-9)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS: 141-43-5)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORID Biodegradability :	E (CAS: 7173-51-5) Rapidly degradable.
Biodegradability.	Kapidiy degradable.
ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)	
Biodegradability :	Rapidly degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
12.3.1. Substances	
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORID Bioaccumulation :	E (CAS: 7173-51-5) BCF = 81
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No data available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
No data available.	
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
No data available.	
12.7. Other adverse effects	
No data available.	
SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its co	ntainer must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Do not pour into drains or waterways.	

# Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container. Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

# 14.1. UN number or ID number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

- -
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
- -
- 14.4. Packing group
- 14.5. Environmental hazards

-

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### -

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No 1272/2008 amended and its amendments EU . (ATP)

#### - Container information:

No data available.

#### - Particular provisions :

No data available.

### - Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006) :

- less than 5 % : nonionic surfactants
- disinfectants
- perfumes

- allergenic fragrances :

d-limonene

### - Labelling for biocidal products (Regulation (UE) n° 528/2012) :

Name	CAS	%	Product-type	
DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM	7173-51-5	20.00 g/kg	02	
CHLORIDE				

Product-type 2 : Disinfectants and algaecides not intended for direct application to humans or animals.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Changes from the previous version :

- Section 9

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

8 1	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Abbreviations :**

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate. NOEC : The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight

DNEL : Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration

UFI : Unique formulation identifier.

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.